

# LOGIC: VERIFYING ARGUMENTS [PIRNOT 3.4]

**EX 3.4.2:** (a) What is the form of the following argument? (b) Is the argument valid?

|   |                   |                         |
|---|-------------------|-------------------------|
| If my Internet connection is broken, then my day is ruined. |                   | $P \rightarrow Q$       |
| My day is not ruined.                                       | $\Leftrightarrow$ | $\frac{\sim Q}{\sim P}$ |
| $\therefore$ My Internet connection is not broken.          |                   | $\therefore \sim P$     |

(a) Law of Contraposition

(b) Yes (since the Law of Contraposition is always a valid argument)

**EX 3.4.3:** (a) What is the form of the following argument? (b) Is the argument valid?

|   |                   |                   |
|---|-------------------|-------------------|
| If my Internet connection is broken, then my day is ruined. |                   | $P \rightarrow Q$ |
| My day is ruined.   | $\Leftrightarrow$ | $\frac{Q}{P}$     |
| $\therefore$ My Internet connection is broken.              |                   | $\therefore P$    |

(a) Fallacy of the Converse

(b) No (since fallacies are never valid arguments)

**EX 3.4.6:** Using a truth table, determine whether the following argument is valid or invalid:

|                              |
|------------------------------|
| $\sim P$                     |
| $P \rightarrow Q$            |
| $\therefore \sim Q \wedge P$ |

Build truth table with variables  $[P, Q]$ , intermediate expressions  $[\sim Q]$ , premises  $[\sim P, P \rightarrow Q]$ , and conclusion  $[\sim Q \wedge P]$ :

|     |     | PREMISES |          |                   | CONCLUSION        |
|-----|-----|----------|----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| $P$ | $Q$ | $\sim Q$ | $\sim P$ | $P \rightarrow Q$ | $\sim Q \wedge P$ |
| T   | T   | F        | F        | T                 | F                 |
| T   | F   | T        | F        | F                 | T                 |
| F   | T   | F        | <b>T</b> | <b>T</b>          | <b>F</b>          |
| F   | F   | T        | <b>T</b> | <b>T</b>          | <b>F</b>          |

There's at least one row where the premises are all true but the conclusion is false (**bolded** entries in bottom two rows).

$\therefore$  Argument is **invalid**