

# VECTOR FUNCTIONS: ALGEBRA & LIMITS [SST 10.1]

**EX 10.1.7:** Let  $\mathbf{F}(t) = \langle 1, t, t^2 \rangle$  and  $\mathbf{G}(t) = (e^t)\hat{\mathbf{i}} - (\cos t)\hat{\mathbf{k}}$ .

Compute: (a)  $3\mathbf{F}(t) - 2t^2\mathbf{G}(t)$     (b)  $\mathbf{F}(t) \cdot \mathbf{G}(t)$     (c)  $\mathbf{F}(t) \times \mathbf{G}(t)$     (d)  $\mathbf{G}(t) \times \mathbf{F}(t)$

First of all, write vector function  $\vec{\mathbf{G}}(t)$  in **component form**:  $\vec{\mathbf{G}}(t) = \langle e^t, 0, -\cos t \rangle$

Perform the prescribed vector operations as usual, simplifying whenever possible:

(a)  $3\vec{\mathbf{F}}(t) - 2t^2\vec{\mathbf{G}}(t) = 3\langle 1, t, t^2 \rangle - (2t^2)\langle e^t, 0, -\cos t \rangle = \langle 3, 3t, 3t^2 \rangle - \langle 2t^2e^t, 0, -2t^2\cos t \rangle = \boxed{\langle 3 - 2t^2e^t, 3t, 3t^2 + 2t^2\cos t \rangle}$

(b)  $\vec{\mathbf{F}}(t) \cdot \vec{\mathbf{G}}(t) = \langle 1, t, t^2 \rangle \cdot \langle e^t, 0, -\cos t \rangle = (1)(e^t) + (t)(0) + (t^2)(-\cos t) = \boxed{e^t - t^2\cos t}$

(c)  $\vec{\mathbf{F}}(t) \times \vec{\mathbf{G}}(t) = \langle 1, t, t^2 \rangle \times \langle e^t, 0, -\cos t \rangle = \begin{vmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{i}} & \hat{\mathbf{j}} & \hat{\mathbf{k}} \\ 1 & t & t^2 \\ e^t & 0 & -\cos t \end{vmatrix} = \begin{vmatrix} t & t^2 \\ 0 & -\cos t \end{vmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{i}} - \begin{vmatrix} 1 & t^2 \\ e^t & -\cos t \end{vmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{j}} + \begin{vmatrix} 1 & t \\ e^t & 0 \end{vmatrix} \hat{\mathbf{k}}$

$= (-t\cos t - 0)\hat{\mathbf{i}} - (-\cos t - t^2e^t)\hat{\mathbf{j}} + (0 - te^t)\hat{\mathbf{k}} = \boxed{\langle -t\cos t, \cos t + t^2e^t, -te^t \rangle}$

(d)  $\vec{\mathbf{G}}(t) \times \vec{\mathbf{F}}(t) = -[\vec{\mathbf{F}}(t) \times \vec{\mathbf{G}}(t)] = \boxed{\langle t\cos t, -\cos t - t^2e^t, te^t \rangle}$

As used in part (d), special properties of vector operations carry over to the corresponding operations on vector functions.